

SustEcon 2017



Innovations for Sustainable Production in the Global Textile Supply Chains Breaking the mould with scenario analysis

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Partners:





Research questions

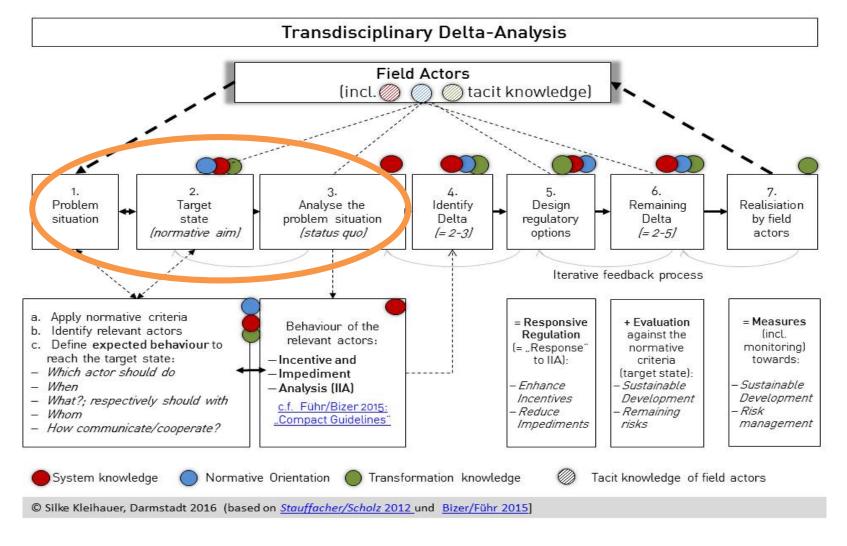


1. How to foster transformation for sustainable production in the global textile supply chains?

2. How to foster a "culture" which enables and induces related transformation processes?







(1) Problem Situation



• UNEP: Textile and clothing the world's 2nd biggest economic activity for intensity of trade

Exposure to hazardous substances

Complex/volatile supply chains constrain risk management

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(2) Target state (aim)

- Developments in international governance (SAICM, SDGs)
 - 12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment
- Developments in Europe: REACH → Restrictions, SVHC

Greenpeace "Detox" → increased consumer awareness





Have SDG 12 relevant capacities

No market opportunities due to lack of demand by brands

Solution: Internationally agreed certification system



(3) Status quo: Brands' perspective

Struggle to fulfil the regulatory minimum requirements

Transparency needed, but doubt formulators' willingness

Costs, but doubt consumers' willingness to pay

(Interim) solution: Certification systems

Interim evaluation: Deadlock



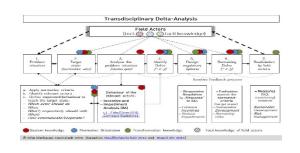
Individual and professional perceptions and thinking patterns

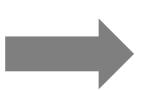
No systemic view solutions for sustainable production

Scenario method activates systemic thinking



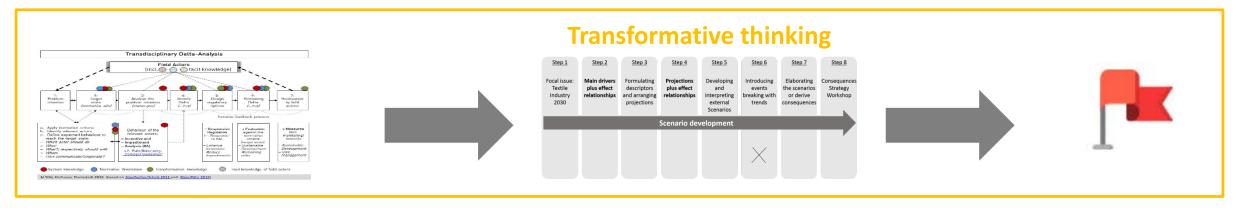
Analytical framework





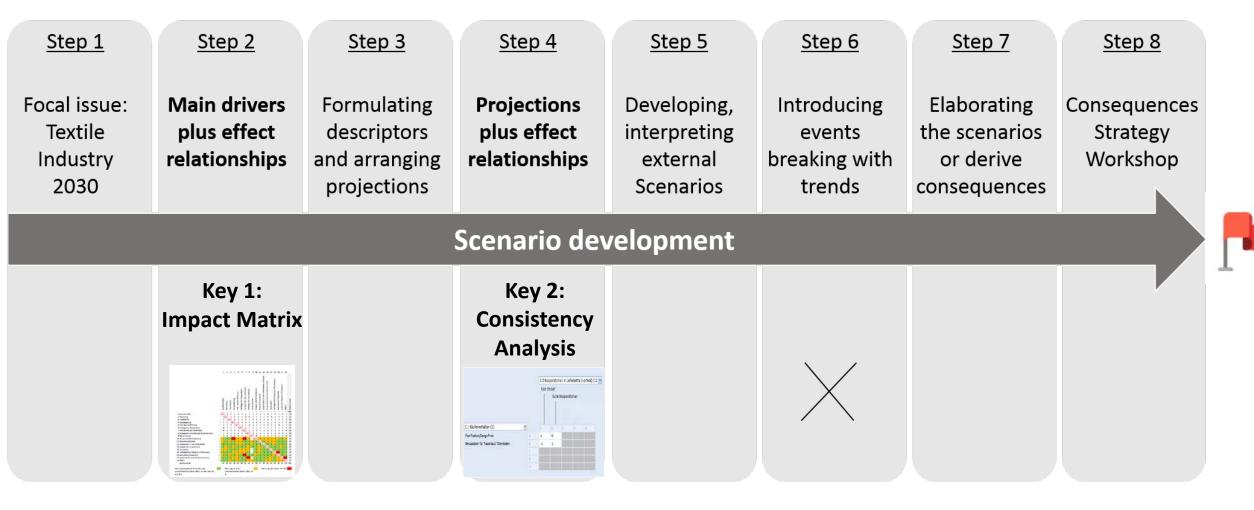


Refined process with scenario method





Scenario method (H. Geschka), adapted





Status quo revisited: Common perspective

- Lack of horizontal and vertical cooperation
- No unified standard for textile sector chemicals management
- No sector solution supporting traceability and knowledge as to the chemicals used in the supply chains.
- > In this respect, certification systems of no help
- Lack of IT-tools to facilitate exchange of information
- Normative impulses not strong enough
- Consumer of very limited significance

Answers and outlook



Question 2: Scenario method as learning tool to foster transformation

 Question 1: Identification of sustainable production strategies for the global textile chains

Dissemination and testing (EU LIFE AskREACH)